



Cleveland Clinic

How to Succeed in Total Joint Replacement Bundled Payments: Cleveland Clinic Complete Care

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Cleveland Clinic




- 44,000 employee caregivers
- 5.1 million total visits
- 50 states and 132 countries patient coverage
- 160,600 hospital admissions
- 3,000+ physicians and scientists
- 8 community hospitals, 16 family health centers
- Florida, Nevada, Toronto, Abu Dhabi

Agenda

- Why Bundled Payments
- Cleveland Clinic Complete Care Approach to BPCI
- What's Next? Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement

The Value Equation

Traditional Definition  Value = $\frac{\text{Outcomes}}{\text{Cost}}$

$$\text{Value} = \frac{\text{Quality} + \text{Patient Experience} + \text{Functional Status}^* \text{ Event}}{\text{Cost (Episode} + \text{Ongoing Care)}}$$

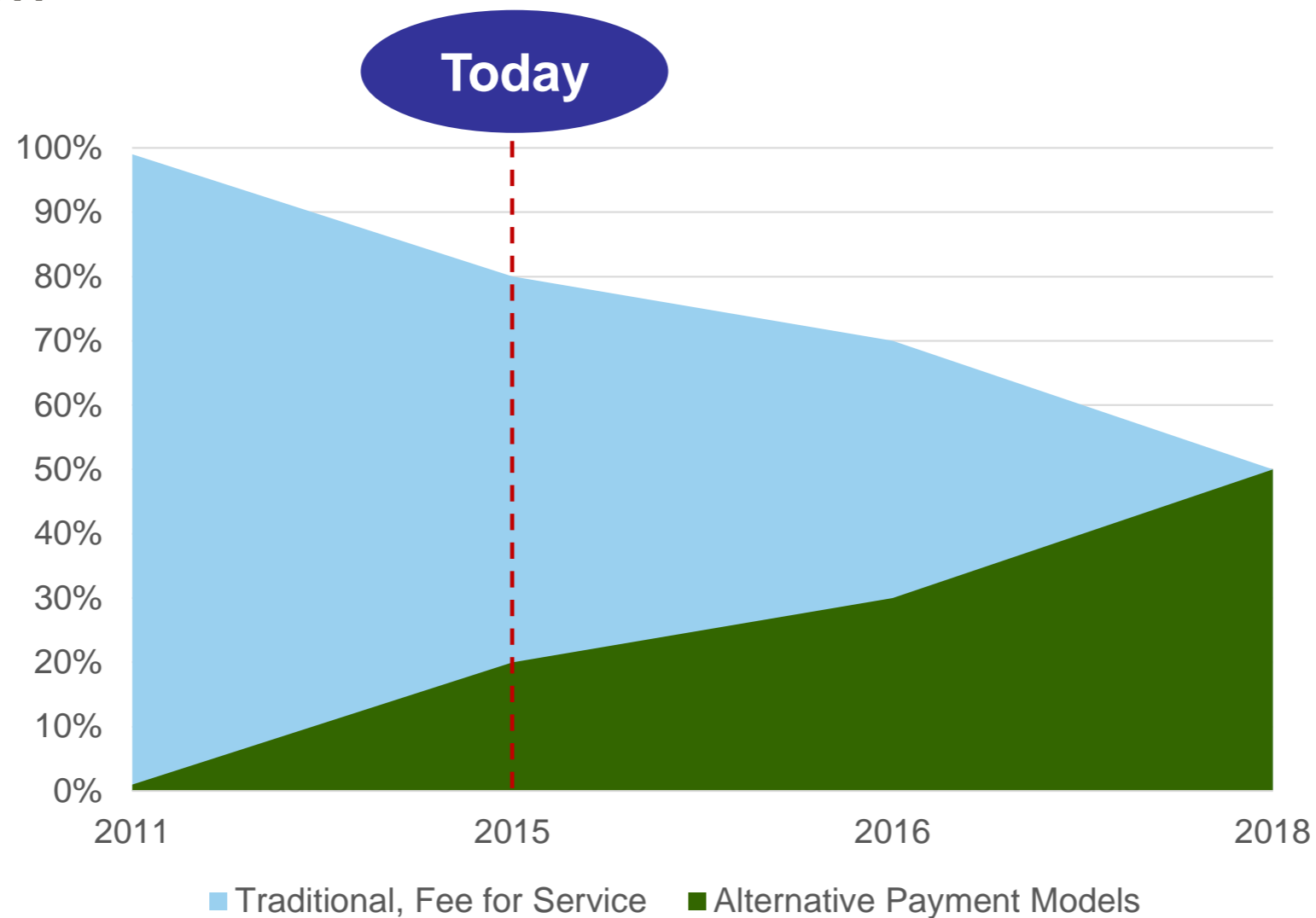
Enhanced product attributes
Differentiation

Cost Reductions
5 - 10% per case

*Return to work and quality of life

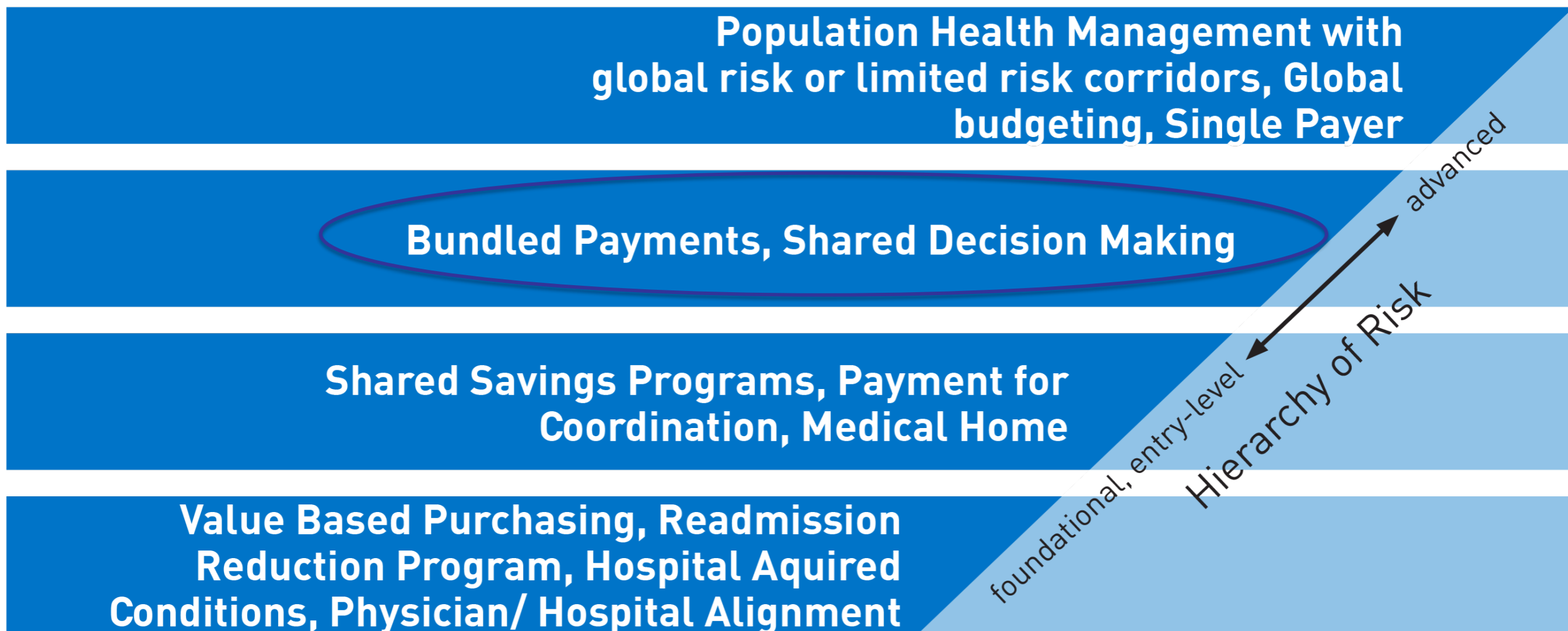
CMS is Spearheading Payment Reform

“...HHS has set a goal to have 30 percent of Medicare payments in alternative payment models by the end of 2016 ...50 percent by the end of 2018...”



How do we think CMS will get there?

Hierarchy of Risk Tactics



What are bundled payments?



Total Joint: Fee for Service



Total Joint: Bundled Payment

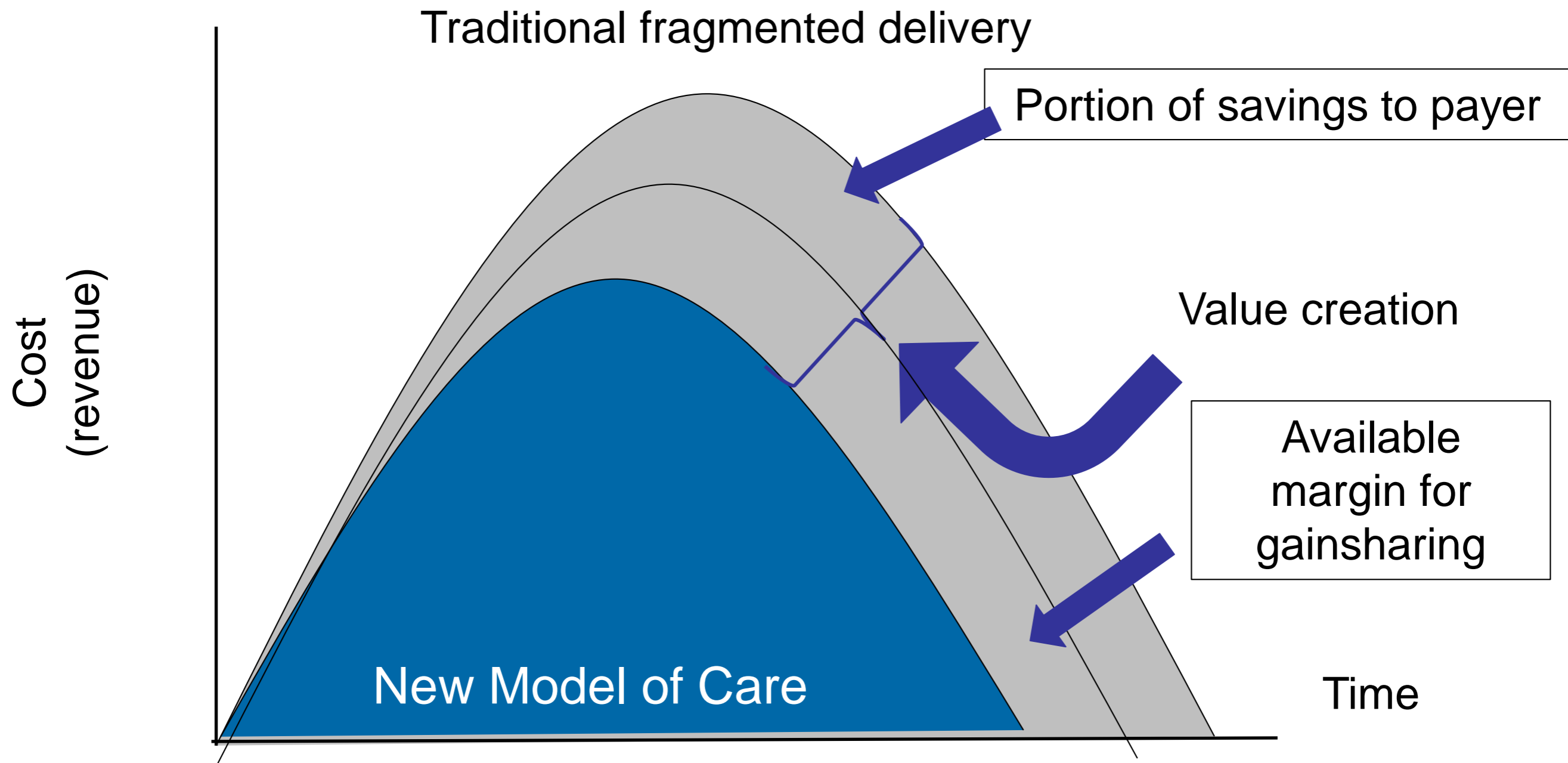


Creating Value Through Episode Management

**When change in health status demands intervention,
managing the entire episode is preferable to
fragmented care delivery**

**Care redesign focusing on improved care coordination
and patient and provider engagement yields
better care at lower cost**

The Business Case: Value is Created by Better Episode Management through Care Redesign



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Euclid Hospital Bundled Payments for Care Improvement Agreement with Medicare

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Bundle | MS DRGs 469 & 470 Primarily total hip/knee replacements |
| Episode Duration | Index Admission, 30 days post-acute |
| Contract | 3 years (10/1/13 – 9/30/16) |

**Episode of care was defined by CMS and priced based on historic CMS spend.
No providers are excluded.**

Key Provisions: Waivers and Gainsharing

Waivers

- 3-day SNF waiver for Post Acute Care payment
- Home health “incident to” rule is waived for home health status

Gainsharing

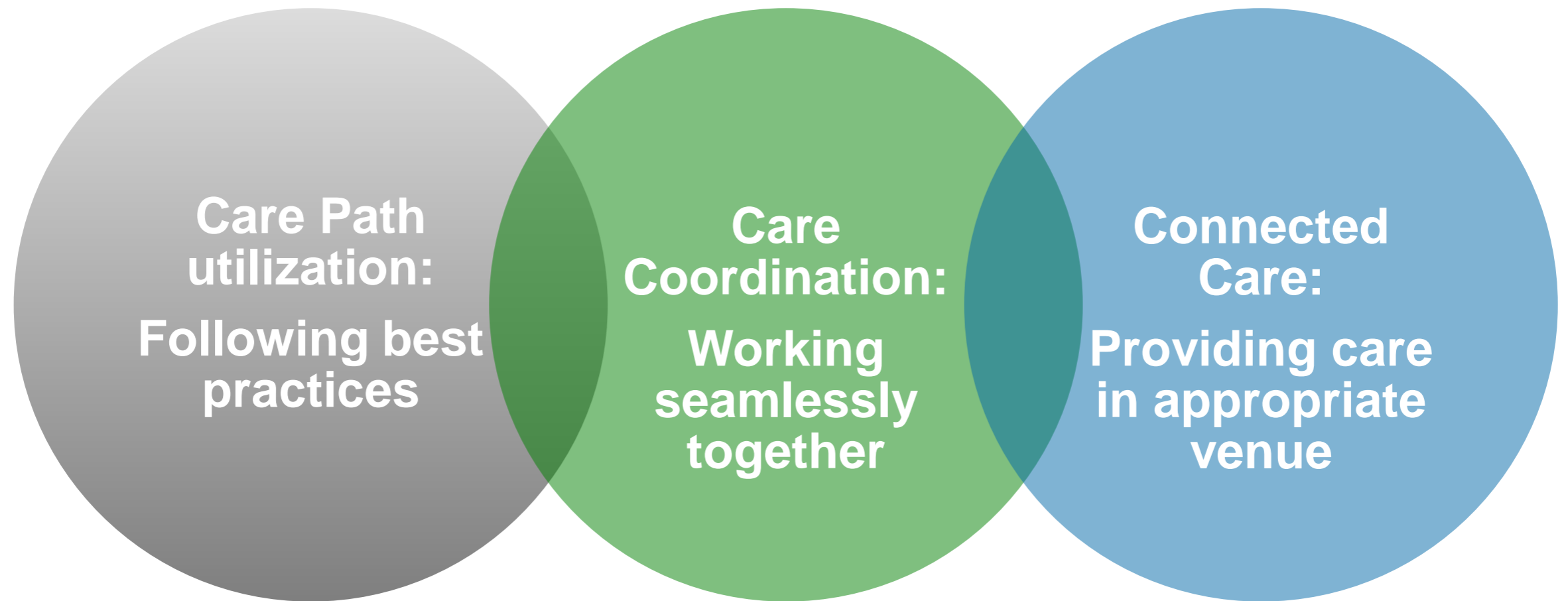
- Opportunity to share reward among participating providers*

* In process of developing gainsharing model based upon the gainsharing waiver

Episode-Based Complete Care Philosophy

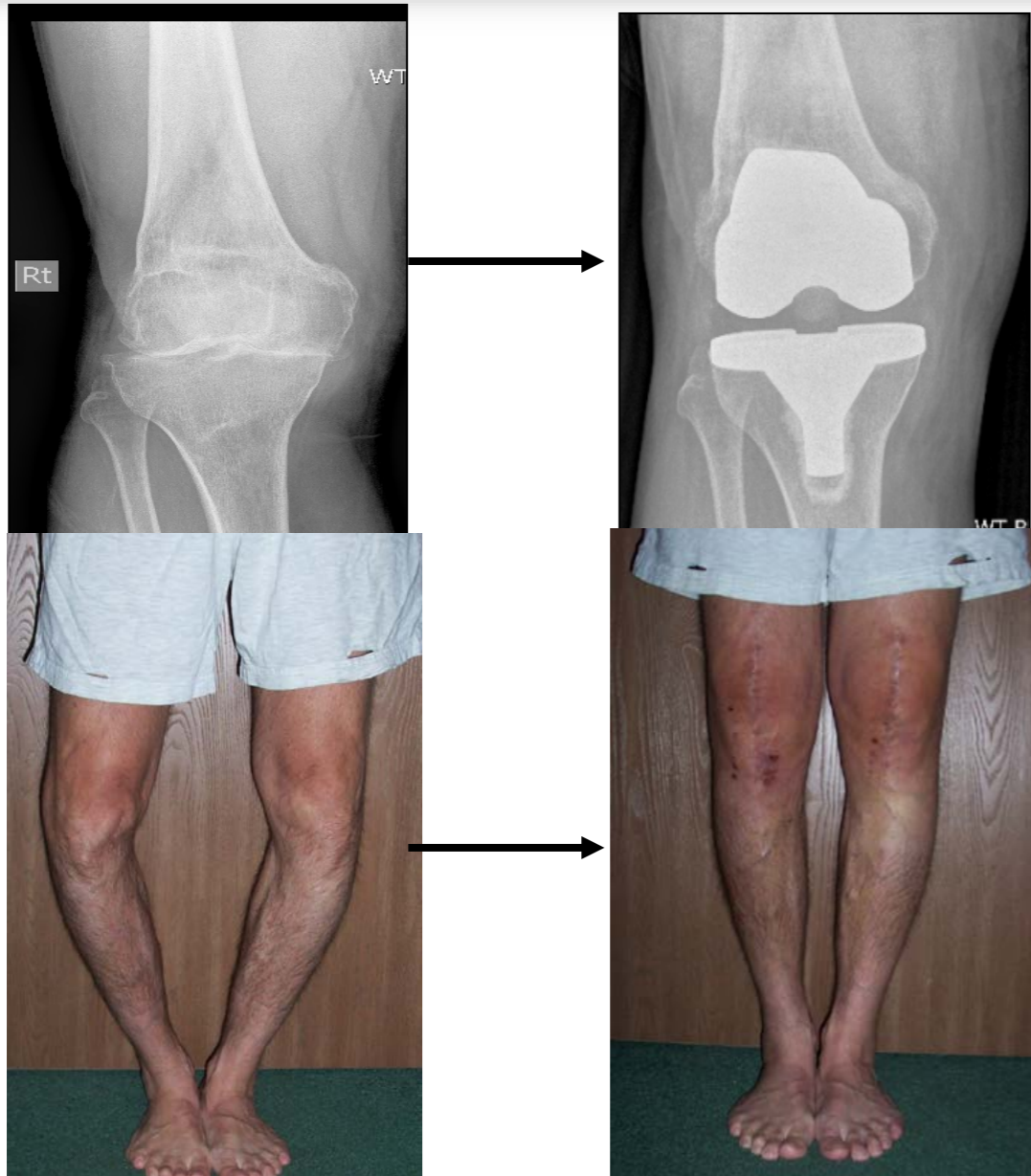
Care Redesign Comes First

Our Promise to Patients: We will deliver all the care needed to get you through entire episode of care



Patient Commitment: You must be engaged in every step of the process, bring resources, get educated and work with us to modify your risk

The Patient Perspective: Viewing Care as a Complete Episode is What Patients Want



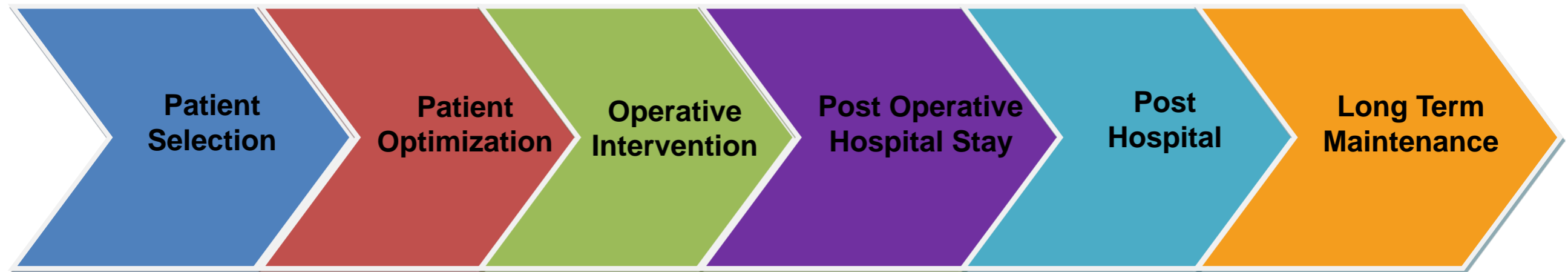
Provider Centered:
Bundled Payment



Patient Centered:
Complete Care

Care Redesign

Total Joint Complete Care



Leverage Care Path for Indication



- Severity of symptoms
- Failure at other attempts to treat
- Objective evidence of disease

Is this patient optimized for surgery?



STOP

**Patient
Optimization**

- Diabetes: Hgb A1c if >7
- Smokers
- BMI: if >40
- Anemia
- Staph colonization
- Anticoagulation history (DVT/PE)

Also....Should it be scheduled or delayed based on:

- Psychologically and Medically fit for surgery
- Adequate support and home environment

Operative Intervention



**Operative
Intervention**

- Engaged patient and support system
- Short acting blocks during surgery

Patient Education

Engaged and educated patients...

- Patients need to be actively engaged and become drivers of their recovery
- Families and other support personnel must be identified preoperatively and actively engaged and committed to helping the patient recover
- Preoperative class
- Patients should own their risk factors



**Patient
Education**

Post Operative Hospital Stay

Time in the hospital should be minimized...



Defined Criteria for safe return home:

- Physiologic Function Return
- Pain Managed with Oral Medications
- Safe Environment at Home

Post Hospital

Patients should be discharged home if safe...



- Rehabilitation of a THA or TKA can be done as effectively at home or as outpatient
- There is no inherent advantage to being inpatient
- Educated/motivated patient is key

Long Term Maintenance

Patients should be discharged home if safe...



Long Term Maintenance

- Follow up after surgery
- Own their rehabilitation and recovery
- Continued management of identified pre-surgical optimizations

Our Episode Value Scorecard

| | | |
|-------------------|--|---|
| | <h2><u>Clinical Outcomes</u></h2> | <h2><u>Patient Safety</u></h2> |
| Process measures | Physical Therapy day of surgery Decrease in pain medications needed Compliance with Care Path | Core measures Patient optimization prior to surgery |
| Outcomes measures | PRO, Koos/Hoos Return to work/sports Range of motion PT test, Pain free | Pt safety indicators, SSI, Readmissions, Re-operations, Post Operative falls, Post Op Nausea/vomiting Transfusion |
| | <h2><u>Patient Experience</u></h2> | <h2><u>Efficiency</u></h2> |
| Process measures | Patient and family education Engaged and activated patients Family/Support person involvement Quality shared decision making Appt. when wanted Feel prepared for discharge Joint Class | Resource utilization Cost of care Utilization Review: avoiding unnecessary tests, Reduced LOS, Discharge disposition |
| Outcomes measures | HCAHPs Return/second surgery | Total cost of care Contributions to cost (acute, post acute venue, complications, readmissions) |

Cleveland Clinic's Joint Replacement of the Lower Extremity Implementation Initiative

- One regional hospital has been in the initiative for 24 months
- In 2015, the initiative was rolled out to 7 other Cleveland Clinic Regional Hospitals
- Preparing to rollout to Weston Florida CC to support the recently proposed CMS Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement Model

One anecdote...

Situation:

Patient could not be discharged because they could not afford a medication

Attending physician wanted to discharge the patient to SNF solely to obtain the medication

Average SNF stay: \$8,260

Hospital's cost to administer the medication in the hospital and discharge patient home

Medication: \$50

Marriage of clinical and financial

Priceless

Results

Every Quality and Efficiency Measure Improved

| | Baseline Data | Euclid Hospital Results | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Year | 2013 | 2013 | 2014 | | |
| Quarter | Q1 | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 |
| Medicare A/B Patients ^{*,†} | 72* | 65 [†] | 61 [†] | 66 [†] | 79 [†] |
| Cauti rate* | 5.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| LOS* | 3.40 | 2.90 | 2.67 | 2.87 | 3.01 |
| Readmission* | 5.0% | 2.0% | 1.6% | 2.7% | 2.0% |
| Discharge Disposition Home / HHC* | 39% | 71% | 75% | 70% | 68% |
| Discharge Disposition SNF* | 56% | 28% | 25% | 30% | 31% |
| HCAHPS - Overall Rating* | 73% | 88% | 78% | 84% | 85% |

Sources: [†] 2014Q3 CMS Reconciliation Report 2058-002 | *Cleveland Clinic

Results

Care Redesign Leads to Value Creation

- Total savings = \$523k across 271 patients/Clinical Episodes
- CMS gained \$160k through a 3% episode discount
- Cleveland Clinic gained \$363k through reduced expenditures
- Please note: Data represents Q4 2013 - Q3 2014

Challenges

- There is a big difference between elective and emergent cases in terms of potential complications, overall outcomes and cost (ex. THA for hip fractures)
- There is no optimal risk stratification system to either exclude patients or make overall assessments on both quality and reimbursement
- Academic and tertiary health care centers are at higher risk

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Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement vs. BPCI Model 2

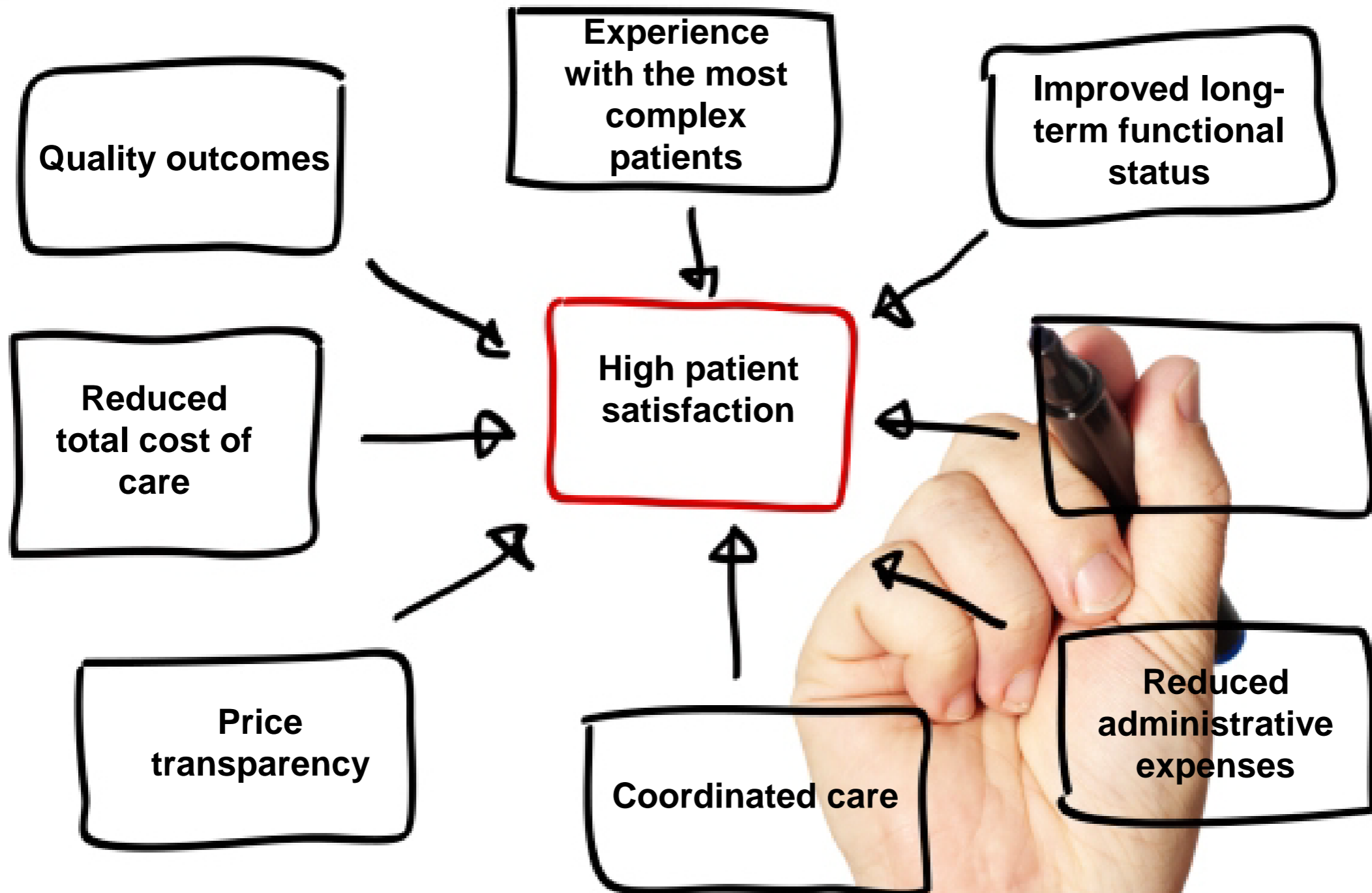
| | CCJR | BPCI |
|------------------------|--|--|
| DRGs | 469/470 Major Joint Replacement of the Lower Extremity | 469/470 Major Joint Replacement of the Lower Extremity |
| Term | 5 years | 3 years |
| Include Inpatient Stay | Yes | Yes |
| Post-acute window | 90 days | 30 days |
| Discount Rate | 2% or 1.7% with PROs | 3% |

Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement Program Concerns

We have submitted the following – Final Rule Nov. 2015

- Reduce episode duration from 90-day to 30-days
- Exclude Hip Fractures receiving an endoprosthesis
- Change the “exclusions” list to an “inclusions” list directly related to the procedure
- Allow waiver access for all 5 performance years
- Allow for home environment check prior to surgery
- Eliminate All Cause Readmission Quality Score
- Eliminate Hospital Level Risk Standardized Complication Rate
- Increase weight for Patient Reported Outcomes

Value of the Episode is Driven Through...





Every life deserves world class care.